

IN THE CLAIMS

1           1. [ALLOWED] A method for securely communicating packets between a first  
2           computer device and a second computer device through a packet-switched data  
3           transmission network comprising intermediate computer devices, where at least one of  
4           said intermediate computer devices may perform a network address translation or a  
5           protocol conversion resulting in alteration of a packet propagating therethrough, the  
6           method comprising the steps of

7                 - determining what network address translations or protocol conversions, if any,  
8                 occur on packets transmitted in a data path between said first computer device  
9                 and the said second computer device on packets transmitted between said first  
10                computer device and said second computer device,

11               - if it is found that network address translations or protocol conversions occur in  
12               said data path between said first computer device and said a second computer  
13               device, taking packets conforming to a first protocol and using said first computer  
14               device to encapsulate them into packets conforming to a second protocol, which  
15               said second protocol being capable of traversing network address translations  
16               and protocol conversions,

17               - transmitting said packets conforming to said second protocol from said first  
18               computer device to said second computer device; and

19               - decapsulating said transmitted packets conforming to said second protocol into  
20               packets conforming to said first protocol.

1           2. [ALLOWED] A method according to claim 1, wherein the step of taking  
2           packets conforming to a first protocol and encapsulating them into packets conforming to

3 a second protocol comprises the substeps of  
4 - taking packets conforming to the Internet Protocol,  
5 - processing said packets according to the IPSEC protocol suite and  
6 - encapsulating the processed packets into packets conforming to the User  
7 Datagram Protocol.

1 3. [ALLOWED] A method according to claim 1, wherein the step of taking  
2 packets conforming to a first protocol and encapsulating them into packets conforming to  
3 a second protocol comprises the substeps of  
4 - taking packets conforming to the Internet Protocol,  
5 - processing said packets according to the IPSEC protocol suite and  
6 - encapsulating the processed packets into packets conforming to the  
7 Transmission Control Protocol.

1 4. [ALLOWED] A method according to claim 1, further comprising the step of  
2 compensating for the network address translations on said second protocol in the  
3 packets that are transmitted from said first computer device to said second computer  
4 device.

1 5. [ALLOWED] A method according to claim 4, wherein said step of  
2 compensating for said network address translations comprises a step of performing  
3 address translation based on the information obtained in the step of determining what  
4 network address translations, if any, occur on packets transmitted between said first  
5 computer device and said second computer device.

1           6. [ALLOWED] A method according to claim 5, wherein said step of  
2           compensating for said network address translations further comprises a step of  
3           performing port number translation based on the information obtained in the step of  
4           determining what network address translations, if any, occur on packets transmitted  
5           between said first computer device and said second computer device.

1           7. [ALLOWED] A method according to claim 1, additionally comprising the step of  
2           periodically transmitting keepalive packets between said first computer device and said  
3           second computer device to ensure that said network address translations, if any,  
4           occurring on packets transmitted between said first computer device and said second  
5           computer device stay the same.

1           8. [ALLOWED] A method for conditionally setting up a secure communication  
2           connection between a first computer device and a second computer device through a  
3           packet-switched data transmission network including intermediate computer devices,  
4           where at least one of said computer devices performs a network address translation or  
5           a protocol conversion or both a protocol conversion and a network address translation,  
6           the method comprising the steps of

7                 - finding out, whether or not said second computer device supports a  
8                 communication method where:

9                         it is determined what network address translations or and/or  
10                        protocol conversions or both, if any, occur on packets transmitted  
11                        between said first computer device and said second computer device;  
12                        if it is found that network address translations or protocol  
13                        conversions occur on packets transmitted between said first computer

1 4 device and said second computer device, packets are taken that conform  
1 5 to a first protocol and encapsulated into packets that conform to a second  
1 6 protocol, which second protocol is capable of traversing network address  
1 7 translations and/or protocol conversions;

1 8 said packets conforming to said second protocol are transmitted  
1 9 from said first computer device to said second computer device;

2 0 and said transmitted packets conforming to said second protocol  
2 1 are decapsulated into packets conforming to said first protocol,

- 2 2 - as a response to a finding indicating that the second computer device supports  
2 3 said communication method, setting up a secure communication connection  
2 4 between said first computer device and said second computer device in which  
2 5 communication connection said communication method is employed and
- 2 6 - as a response to a finding indicating that said second computer device does not  
2 7 support said communication method, disabling use of said communication method  
2 8 between said first and said second computer devices.

1 9. [ALLOWED] A method for tunnelling packets between a first computer device  
2 and a second computer device through a packet-switched data transmission network  
3 comprising intermediate computer devices, where at least one of said computer devices  
4 performs a network address translation and/or a protocol conversion, the method  
5 comprising the steps of

- 6 - establishing a bidirectional tunnelling mode between said first computer device  
7 and said second computer device by exchanging packets conforming to a secure  
8 communication protocol,
- 9 - determining if one or more network address translations and/or protocol

1 0 conversions occur on packets travelling from said first computer to said second  
1 1 computer, and if so, taking packets conforming to a first protocol and  
1 2 encapsulating them at said first computer device into packets conforming to a  
1 3 second protocol, which second protocol is capable of traversing network  
1 4 address translations,  
1 5 - transmitting said packets conforming to said second protocol from said first  
1 6 computer device to said second computer device,  
1 7 - decapsulating said transmitted packets conforming to said second protocol into  
1 8 packets conforming to said first protocol at the second computer device,  
1 9 - obtaining information about the address translations occurred on packets  
2 0 transmitted between said first computer device and said second computer device  
2 1 and  
2 2 - using said obtained information to modify the established bidirectional tunnelling  
2 3 mode between said first computer device and said second computer device.

1 10. [ALLOWED] A method according to claim 9, wherein the step of obtaining  
2 information about the address translations occurred on packets transmitted between said  
3 first computer device and said second computer device comprises the substeps of  
4 - transmitting a packet between said first computer device and said second  
5 computer device, said packet comprising a header part and a payload part, and  
6 - comparing a network address transmitted in said payload part to a network  
7 address transmitted in said header part in order to find out what changes have  
8 occurred on said network address transmitted in said header part.

1 11. [ALLOWED] A method according to claim 9, additionally comprising the step of

2 periodically transmitting keepalive packets between said first computer device and said  
3 second computer device to ensure that network address translations, if any, occurring  
4 on packets transmitted between said first computer device and said second computer  
5 device stay the same.

1 12. [ALLOWED] A method according to claim 9, wherein the step of using said  
2 obtained information to modify the operation of the tunnelling of packets comprises the  
3 substep of introducing an address translation before the encapsulation of packets in  
4 order to compensate for the network address translations that occur on packets  
5 transmitted between said first computer device and said second computer device.

1 13. [ALLOWED] A method according to claim 9, wherein the step of using said  
2 obtained information to modify the operation of the tunnelling of packets comprises the  
3 substep of introducing an address translation after the decapsulation of packets in order  
4 to compensate for the network address translations that occur on packets transmitted  
5 between said first computer device and said second computer device.

1 14. [CANCELLED]

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1 15. [CANCELLED]

1 16. [ALLOWED] A method for securely communicating packets between a first  
2 computer device and a second computer device through a packet-switched data  
3 transmission network including intermediate computer devices, where at least one of  
4 said computer devices performs a network address translation and/or a protocol

5 conversion and where a security protocol exists comprising a key management  
6 connection, the method comprising the steps of

7 - a method for determining what network address translations, if any, occur on  
8 packets transmitted between said first computer device and said second  
9 computer device:

10 establishing a key management connection according to said  
11 security protocol between said first computer device and said second  
12 computer device;

13 composing an indicator packet with a header part and a payload  
14 part of which both comprise the network addresses of said first computer  
15 device and said second computer device as seen by the node composing  
16 said packet;

17 transmitting and receiving said indicator packet within said key  
18 management connection; and

19 comparing in the received indicator packet the addresses  
20 contained in said header part and said payload part, and

21 - using the information concerning the determined occurrences of network  
22 address translations for securely communicating packets between the said first  
23 computer device and said second computer device.

1 17. [ALLOWED] A method according to claim 16, wherein the security protocol  
2 determines a standard port number for a key management connection, and the method  
3 further comprises the step of comparing in the received indicator packet a source port  
4 number against said standard port number for a key management connection.

1 18. [CANCELLED]

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1 19. [CANCELLED]

1 20. [CANCELLED]

1 21. [CANCELLED]

1 22. [CANCELLED]

1 23. [CANCELLED]

1 24. [ALLOWED] A method for securely communicating packets between a first  
2 computer device and a second computer device through a packet-switched data  
3 transmission network comprising intermediate computer devices, where at least one of  
4 said intermediate computer devices may perform a network address translation and/or a  
5 protocol conversion resulting in alteration of a packet propagating therethrough, the  
6 method comprising the steps of

7 - determining what network address translations or protocol conversions,  
8 if any, occur on packets transmitted in a data path between said first computer  
9 device and said second computer device on packets transmitted between said  
10 first computer device and said second computer device,

11 - if it is found that network address translations and/or protocol  
12 conversions occur in said data path between said first computer device and said  
13 a second computer device, taking packets conforming to a first protocol and using



1 4           said first computer device to encapsulate them into packets conforming to a  
1 5           second protocol, said second protocol being capable of traversing network  
1 6           address translations and protocol conversions,  
1 7                 - transmitting said packets conforming to said second protocol from said  
1 8           first computer device to said second computer device.

1           25. [ALLOWED] The method of claim 24 further comprising the step of  
2           determining if said second computer device supports a secure data communication  
3           protocol prior to performing said step of determining what, if any, network address  
4           translations and/or protocol conversions are occurring in communications between said  
5           first computer device and said second computer device.

1           26. [ALLOWED] The method of claim 24 wherein the step of determining what, if  
2           any, network address translations or protocol conversions are occurring in  
3           communications between said first computer device and said second computer device is  
4           accomplished by:  
5                 sending at least one IKE Phase 2 Quick Mode message packet from said  
6           first computer device to said second computer device including in its private  
7           payload section IP addresses for an initiator and responder as seen by said first  
8           computer device, where one of said first and second computer devices is said  
9           initiator and the other of said first and second computer devices is said  
10          responder; and  
11                 receiving at least one IKE Phase 2 Quick Mode message packet from said  
12          second computer device which was sent by said first computer device and  
13          including in its private payload section IP addresses for said initiator and said

1 4 responder as seen by said second computer device; and  
1 5 in said first computer device, comparing said IP addresses in said  
1 6 header(s) of said at least one IKE Phase 2 Quick Mode message packet(s)  
1 7 received from said second computer device to said IP addresses in said private  
1 8 payload section, and, if there is a difference, concluding that a network address  
1 9 translation or a protocol conversion or both have occurred on the data path  
2 0 between said first computer device and said second computer device.

1 27. [ALLOWED] The process of claim 26 further comprising the step of  
2 periodically transmitting keepalive packets from said first computer device to said second  
3 computer device if it is determined that NAT or protocol conversions or both are  
4 occurring with the interval between said keepalive packets being set to insure that  
5 mappings of said NAT or protocol conversions or both stay the same.

1 28. [ALLOWED] The method of claim 24 wherein the step of determining what, if  
2 any, port translations are occurring in communications between said first computer  
3 device and said second computer device is accomplished by comparing the port number  
4 in a packet header for a packet of a protocol that can withstand port translations and  
5 which encapsulates an IKE protocol packet sent from said second computer device to  
6 said first computer device, and if said port number is not a port number associated with  
7 the IKE protocol, concluding that one or more port translations is occurring on a data path  
8 between said second computer device and said first computer device.

1 29. [CANCELLED]

1           30. [ALLOWED] A method for conditionally setting up a secure communication  
2 connection and communicating data between a first computer device and a second  
3 computer device through a packet-switched data transmission network including  
4 intermediate computer devices, where at least one of said computer devices performs a  
5 network address translation or a protocol conversion or both a protocol conversion and  
6 a network address translation, the method comprising the steps of:

7           carrying out a negotiation between said first and second computer devices to  
8 determine if said second computer device supports a secure communication protocol  
9 which is incompatible with network address translations or protocol conversions or both;

10           as a response to a finding indicating that the second computer device supports  
11 said secure communication protocol, setting up a secure communication connection  
12 between said first computer device and said second computer device in which  
13 communication connection said secure communication protocol is employed;

14           as a response to a finding indicating that said second computer device does not  
15 support said secure communication protocol, disabling use of said secure communication  
16 protocol between said first and said second computer devices;

17           if it is found that said second computer device supports said secure  
18 communication protocol, determining what network address translations or protocol  
19 conversions or both, if any, occur on packets transmitted between said first computer  
20 device and said second computer device;

21           if it is found that network address translations or protocol conversions occur on  
22 packets transmitted between said first computer device and said second computer  
23 device, taking packets that conform to said secure communication protocol and  
24 encapsulating them into packets that conform to a second protocol, which second  
25 protocol is capable of traversing network address translations or protocol conversions,

26 or both without violating said second protocol;  
 27 if it is found that network address translations or protocol conversions occur on  
 28 packets transmitted between said first computer device and said second computer  
 29 device, periodically transmitting keepalive packets from said first computer device to said  
 30 second computer device with the interval between said keepalive packets being set to  
 31 insure that mappings of said NAT or protocol conversions or both stay the same;  
 32 transmitting said packets conforming to said second protocol from said first  
 33 computer device to said second computer device.  
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1 31. [ALLOWED] The method of claim 30 wherein said secure communication  
 2 protocol is the IPsec protocol, and said second protocol is either the TCP or UDP protocol.

1 32. [ALLOWED] The method of claim 30 wherein said step of determining if said  
 2 second computer device supports a secure communication protocol includes the step of  
 3 finding out whether said second computer supports the IPsec protocol, and wherein said  
 4 step of determining what network address translations or protocol conversions or both,  
 5 if any, occur on packets transmitted between said first computer device and said second  
 6 computer device comprises the steps:  
 7 sending at least one IKE Phase 2 Quick Mode message packet from said  
 8 first computer device to said second computer device including in its private  
 9 payload section IP addresses for an initiator and responder as seen by said first  
 10 computer device, where one of said first and second computer devices is said  
 11 initiator and the other of said first and second computer devices is said  
 12 responder; and

1 3 receiving at least one IKE Phase 2 Quick Mode message packet from said  
1 4 second computer device which was sent by said first computer device and  
1 5 including in its private payload section IP addresses for said initiator and said  
1 6 responder as seen by said second computer device; and  
1 7 in said first computer device, comparing said IP addresses in said  
1 8 header(s) of said at least one IKE Phase 2 Quick Mode message packet(s)  
1 9 received from said second computer device to said IP addresses in said private  
2 0 payload section, and, if there is a difference, concluding that a network address  
2 1 translation or a protocol conversion or both have occurred on the data path  
2 2 between said first computer device and said second computer device.

1 33. [ALLOWED] The method of claim 30 wherein the step of determining what, if  
2 any, port translations are occurring in communications between said first computer  
3 device and said second computer device is accomplished by comparing the port number  
4 in a packet header for a packet of a protocol that can withstand port translations and  
5 which encapsulates an IKE protocol packet sent from said second computer device to  
6 said first computer device, and if said port number is not a port number associated with  
7 the IKE protocol, concluding that one or more port translations is occurring on a data path  
8 between said second computer device and said first computer device.